

FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I **CODE**: - 5CS01FCP1

NAME: – Fundamentals of C Programming

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Teaching Scheme (Hours)					Evaluation Scheme								
Subject Code	Name of the Subject					Credits	Theory				Practical (Marks)				
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Sessio Exa		University Exam		Internal		University	Total	
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr		
5CS01FCP1	Fundamentals of C Programming	4	-	-	4	4	30	1.5	70 3					100	

Objectives:-

- The aim of this course is to introduce to the students the rudiments of structured programming using C language.
- Students will become familiar with problem solving techniques and algorithm development

Prerequisite:-

Any programming language like C

Course Outline:-

SNo.	Course Contents	Number of Hours
1	Introduction of C:	05
	Tokens, Operators and Expressions, Operators precedence & associatively	
2	Decision making & Branching:	05
	If, if-else, nested if-else, switch-case, For, Do-While, While Loop	
3	Arrays:	05
	Introduction, one dimensional array, two dimensional arrays and muti-dimensional	
	array, array to string	
4	String Handling:	05
	Overview & Declaration of string, String-handling functions, String as array	
5	Structures:	06
	Declaration, usage of structure, nested, structures, Union and its usage, structure to	
	array	
6	Function:	06
	Definition, using functions, recursion, command line arguments	
7	Pointers:	06
	Declaring and initializing pointers, Array and Pointers, Pointers, and strings, Pointer	



	to Pointer, Pointers and functions	
8	File Management :	07
	High level I/O Functions, Defining & Opening File, I/O Operation on File, Error	
	Handling during I/O Operations, Command Line Arguments, Dynamic Memory	
	Allocation, Allocating a Block Memory	
	Total Lecture	45

Learning Outcomes:

• After completion of the course students should become reasonably good at problem solving and algorithm development. They would become capable of solving problems using computers through C programming language.

Teaching & Learning Methodology:

Using Whiteboard & Multimedia or OHP

Books Recommended:

- 1. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balaguruswami
- 2. Classic Data Structures, Debasis Samanta, PHI

Reference Book:

- 1. Programming in C, Pradip Dey & Manas Ghosh, Publisher Oxford
- 2. Expert Data Structures With C, Dr. R.B. Patel, Publisher-Khanna Publications
- 3. Data Structure Using C and C++, Y kanitkar, Publisher-PHI
- 4. Let us C, Yashwant Kanitkar, Publisher BPB Publication



FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I

CODE: - 5CS01DBS1

NAME: - Database Management System

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Teaching Scheme (Hours)					Evaluation Scheme							
Subject Code	Name of the Subject					Credits	Theory				Practical (Marks)			
	·	Th Tu		Pr	Total		Sessio Exa		Univers Exan	•	Interi	nal	University Pr	Total
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr	
5CS01DMB1	Database Management System	4	-	-	4	4	30	1	70	3	-	-		100

Objectives

• This course is designed to make student familiar with the fundamental concepts of DBMS for designing and implementing database systems by using the tools like SQL..

Prerequisites

Basic knowledge of working with computer.

Course Outline

Sr.	Course Contents	Number
No.		of
		Hours
1	Database Concepts and Architecture	
	Preliminary concepts: data, database, database systems, database management systems,	
	Components of database system, Functions of DBMS	
	Characteristics and elements of database system	
	Schema, Instance and Database State Database Applications, Purpose and Advantages of	10
	Database Management System (over file systems), View of Data (Data Abstraction, Data	
	Models) Data Storage and Querying (Components, Storage Manager, Query Processor)	
	Database Architecture (Client/Server and Three Tier Architecture) Database User and	
	Administrators	
2	Features of Entity Relationship Diagram	10



	Entity Relational Model (Entity Sets, Relationship Sets, Attributes),					
	Constraints (Mapping Cardinalities, Keys, Participation Constraints),					
	Entity Relationship Diagram, Weak Entity Set, Extended E-R Features (Generalization,					
	Specialization and Aggregation), E-R Notations					
	Examples of ERD					
3	Relational Model and Database Design	12				
	Relational structure – tables (relations), rows (tuples), domains, columns (attributes)					
	Database design process, Anomalies in a database					
	Functional Dependencies (Definition, Types of Functional Dependency)					
	Decomposition: (Definition, Loosy Decomposition, Lossless join decomposition,					
	Dependency preserving decomposition) Closure set of FD, Canonical Cover					
	Normalization up-to 3NF					
4	Introduction to SQL					
	Basic Data Types of ORACLE					
	Data Definition Language (DDL)					
	Data Manipulation Language (DML)					
	Data Control Language (DCL)	10				
	Transaction Control Language (TCL)					
	Data Constraints, Inbuilt Functions					
	Subqueries, Join, Indexes, Views, Sequences, Synonyms, Set Operators					
	ORACLE Utility – Import, Export					
5	Relational Algebra					
	Native Relational Operations (Selection, Projection, Join, Difference)	08				
	Additional Operations (Rename, Assignment, Generalized Projection, Aggregation)					
	Relational Algebra Examples					
	Total hours	50				

Learning Outcomes

Enable the student to model the real world data into database framework.

Creation of conceptual design using tools like E-R Diagram.

Clear understanding of how to map the logical design of database into physical design.

To get familiar with the SQL query environment.

Representation of queries into equivalent relational algebraic expression



Books Recommended:-

- 1. Database System Concepts, **Silberschatz, Korth, Sudarshan**, 5th Edition, Publisher-McGraw Hill Publication
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmsari, Navathe, 5th Edition, Publisher-Pearson Education (2008)
- 3. An Introduction to Database Systems, **C J Date**, **A Kannan**, **S Swaminathan**, 8th Edition, Publisher-Pearson Education (2006)



FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I **CODE**: - 5CS01BCO1

NAME: - BASICS OF COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Teaching Scheme (Hours)					Evaluation Scheme								
Subject Code	Name of the Subject					Credits	Theory				Practical (Marks)				
		Th Tu		Pr	Total		Sessio Exa		Univers Exam	•	Interr	nal	University	Total	
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr		
5CS01BC01	BASICS OF COMPUTER ORGANIZATIO N	4	-	-	4	4	30	1	70	3	-	-	-	100	

Objectives:

- To be able to understand the concepts of Computer Basics
- To Develop Proficiency in Creating Circuits Designing.

Prerequisites:

- Knowledge of Basic Computer Fundamentals

Course Outline

Sr. No.	Course Contents	Hours
1	Basics of Computer	3
	Introduction to Computer, block diagram of digital computer, Input-output devices (VDU,	
	scanner, mouse, keyboard, printer, plotter, Joystick, multimedia projector)	



2	Number System	8						
	(I) Basics of Number System							
	Introduction, Binary Number System, Decimal Number System							
	Conversions Of Binary, Decimal, Octal, Hexadecimal number system							
	(II) Binary Operations in number system							
	Binary Addition, subtraction, multiplication, Division							
	(III)Complements in Number system							
	1's Complements,2's Complements,n's complement							
	Binary Addition & Subtraction using complements							
	(IV) Binary Number System Codes							
	Weighted and Non-weighted codes							
	BCD Code: Excess Three (XS-3) Code							
	Gray Code: Binary to Gray & Gray to Binary							
3	Boolean Algebra							
	Introduction of Boolean algebra, Boolean Expression & Boolean Function							
	Operations of Boolean algebra, Laws of Boolean algebra, De Morgan's law							
	Perfect induction Method, Simplification of Boolean Expressions							
4	Application of Logic Gates & Bo0lean Algebra							
	Introduction to Gate, Types of Gate, Universal Gate(Proof of Universal gate)							
	Duality in Boolean algebra, Draw the logical Circuit using Gates, Sum of Product & Product							
	of Sum,MAP Method for simplifying Expressions							
	K'MAP,K'MAP with don't care Condition(2 variables,4 variables)							
5	Combinational Circuit	5						
	Introduction of Combinational Circuit, Half Adder, Full adder, BCD Adder(4-bit),Parallel							
	Binary Adder, Half Subtractor, Full subtractor Decoder (Binary To Otcal Converter) ,							
	encoder,Decoder using NAND Gate,Multiplexer, DeMUX							
6	Sequential Circuit	8						
	Sequential Circuit, Differentiate Circuit differ from Combinational Circuit,							
	Flip flop Introduction, using NAND & NOR gates.,SR flipflop using NAND & NOR							
	gates(with truth table), JK Flipflop(with truth table), ,Master-slave JK Flipflop,							
	Registers, Types of Registers, Counters, Binary Counters, Asynchronous Binary Counter							



7	Memory Unit	3
	What is Memory? Types of Memory(Memory Hierarchy),RAM,ROM,RAM V/s ROM,	
	Secondary Storage Memory(Harddisk, floopy disk, Magnetic Disk), Cache Memory, Virtual	
	Memory	
8	CPU & I/O Organization	7
	Stack Organization (Intro.), Instruction Formats, Addressing modes Asynchronous Data	
	Transfer, Modes of Transfer, Direct Memory Access (DMA), Addressing Modes	
9	Basics of Microprocessor	3
	Introduction to Microprocessor, Introduction To 8086 Microprocessor Instruction & pin	
	Diagram of 8086 Microprocessor	

Learning Outcomes

To impart knowledge on

Understand the basic concepts of machines and mechanisms.

Draw velocity and acceleration diagrams of various mechanisms.

Build up critical thinking and problem solving capacity of various mechanical engineering problems related to kinematics of machines.

Asses various concepts of mechanisms like straight line motion mechanisms, Steering gear mechanisms and working principles of power elements (Gears, gear trains, Cams, Belt and Chain drives) and design related problems effectively.

Books Recommended:-

- 1. Shigley, J.E and Uicker, J.J: Theory of Machines and Mechanisms, Oxford University Press
- 2. Rattan S.S.: Theory of Machines Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi,
- 3. Rao J.S. and Dukkipati R.V: Mechanisms and theory Machines theory, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 4. Mabie H.H and Ocvirk, F.W: Kinematic and Dynamics of Machinery, 3rd Edition, John wiley and sons.
- 5. Green, W.G: Theory of Machines, 2nd Edition, Blackie, London, 1992.
- 6. Hollowenko, A.R: Dynamics of Machinery, John wiley and sons. Inc. New York, 1955.
- 7. Wilson, Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 8. **Bevan Thomas,** Theory of Machines
- 9. Theory of Machines by R.S.Khurmi S.Chand



FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I

CODE: - 5CS01MAT1

NAME: -MATHEMATICS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Teaching Scheme (Hours)					Evaluation Scheme								
Subject Code	Name of the Subject			Pr	Total	Credits	Theory				Practical (Marks)				
	, and the second	Th	Tu				Sessio Exa		University Exam		Internal		University	Total	
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr		
5CS01MAT1	Thermodynamics	4	-	-	4	4	30	1	70	3				100	

Objectives:-

- The objective of this course is to present the foundations of many basic computer related concepts and provide a coherent development to the students for the courses.
- This course will enhance the student's ability to think logically and mathematically.

Prerequisites:-

Knowledge of basic concepts on Sets, different operations on sets, binary operations, functions.

Course outline:-

Sr.	Course Contents	Number
No.		of
		Hours
1	Introduction	6
	Importance & Purpose of Discrete Mathematical Structures; Applications; Set Theory, Functions,	
	Relations, etc.	
2	Mathematical Logic:	8
	Introduction, Connectives, statement formulas, principle of substitution, validity of arguments,	
	Quantifiers, Proof techniques.	



3	Lattices:	8
	Relation and ordering, partially ordered sets, Lattices as poset, properties of lattices, Lattices as	
	algebraic systems, sub-lattices, direct product and homomorphism, complete lattices, bounds of	
	lattices, distributive lattice, complemented lattices.	
4	Boolean Algebra:	8
	Introduction, definition and important properties of Boolean Algebra, Sub Boolean algebra, direct	
	product and homomorphism, join-irreducible, meet-irreducible, atoms, anti atoms	
5	Applications of Boolean Algebra:	12
	Boolean expressions and their equivalence, Minterms and Maxterms, Free Boolean	
	algebra, Values of Boolean expression, canonical forms, Boolean functions,	
	representation of Boolean function, Karnaugh maps, minimization of Boolean	
	function, Quine-Mccluskey algorithm, Application to Relational Database.	
6	Graph Theory:	10
	Basic concepts of Graph theory, paths, reachability and connectedness, matrix representation of	
	graph, trees.	
	Total hours	52

Learning Outcomes: -

- The student will be able to apply concepts to RDBMS, perform minimization of Boolean functions, shall learn the fundamentals representations methods of graphs and trees.
- They shall be able to use different logical reasoning to prove theorems.

Books Recommended:-

- 1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, **J. P. Tremblay and R. Manohar**, Publisher-Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Discrete Mathematical Structure, D. S. Malik, M. K. Sen, Publisher-Cengage Learning



FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I CODE: - 5CS01CSD1

NAME - COMMUNICATION & SOFT SKILLS DEVELOPMENT

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Т	eaching Sche	eme (Ho	urs)					Evalu	ation Scheme	•		
Subject Code	Name of the Subject					Credits		Th	eory		Pra	actical (M	(arks)	
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Sessio Exa		Univers Exan	•	Intern	al	University	Total
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr	
5CS01CSD1	COMMUNICAT ION & SOFT SKILLS DEVELOPMEN T	4	2	-	6	5	30	1	70	3	50	-	-	150

Objectives:-

- The purpose of this course is to develop the students' competence in communication at an advanced level. Assuming that the students are fairly proficient in the basic communication skills of listening, speaking, and reading & writing in English.
- To give a global competitive edge to the students by way of honouring their professional communication skills.
- To enhance the employability skills of the students.
- To make them aware of the process of interview and competencies required.
- To train them to prepare career oriented contributor profile..

Prerequisites:-

Students should have basic knowledge of English language and grammar.

Students should have ability to speak and write correct sentence in their day to day language.

Students should be familiar with correct usage of language.

Students should have basic knowledge of professional communication..

Course outline:-

Sr.	Course Contents	Number of
No.		Hours
1	Features of Indian English Communication:	
	Correction of sentences - Informal conversation Vs Formal expression - Verbal and non-	5
	verbal communication, barriers to effective communication - kinesics - Types of	



	communication – Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing, Telephone etiquette.	
2	Technical presentations:	
	Types of presentation – video conferencing – participation in meeting – chairing sessions	
	- Formal and informal interviews - interviewing in different setting and for different	5
	purposes recruiting, performance appraisal, Public Speaking, Debate and Group	
	Discussion.	
3	Written communication - differences between spoken and written communication -	6
	features of effective writing such as clarity and brevity.	O
4	Letter-writing - business letters - pro-forma culture - format - style - effectiveness,	6
	promptness - Analysis of sample letters collected from industry - email, fax.	O
5	Technical Report writing – Business and Technical Reports Types of reports – progress	
	reports, routine reports - Annual reports - format - Analysis of sample reports from	12
	industry – Synopsis and Dissertation writing.	
6	Personality development, personal grooming and soft skills	4
7	Employability skills	4
8	Interviews	4
9	Resume Writing	4
	Total hours	48

Learning Outcomes:-

- Develop their personality and personal grooming to work effectively at workplace.
- Beable to prepare their resume in highly contributor manner and develop their employability skills, for interview and technical report writing.

Teaching Methodology:

The teaching will be made effective through interactive class room approach.

Different kind of soft skills will be improved through drilling method.

Active and inactive resources such as Audio & Video-CDs will be utilize for effective teaching learning process

Books Recommended:-

- 1. Essentials of Business Communication
- 2. Basic Communication Skills for Technology
- 3. Business Communication
- 4. English for Technical Communication vols. 1 and 2



5. Writing Remedies: Practical Exercises for Technical Writing



FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I

CODE: - 5CS01FCP2

NAME: - PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUE-I (FCP)

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Teac	ching S	Scheme	(Hours)					Eva	luation Sche	me		
Subject Code	Name of the Subject					Credits		Th	eory		Pra	actical (M	larks)	
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Sessio Exa		Univers Exam	•	Intern	nal	University	Total
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr	
5CS01FCP2	PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUE-I (FCP)	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	-	20		80	100

Objectives:-

- The aim of this course is to introduce to the students the rudiments of structured programming using C language.
- Students will become familiar with problem solving techniques and algorithm development.

Prerequisites:-

Any Programming language like C

Course outline:-

Sr. No	Course Contents	Number of Hours
1	W.A.P to add, multiply, divide two integer and float numbers, W.A.P to accept no of days and print year, month and remaining days	2
2	W.A.P to check whether entered number is prime or not, W.A.P to check whether entered number is odd or even	4
3	Print Series 2,4,16,,n*n using shorthand operator and while loop	6
4	W.A.P to generate Fibonacci number, W.A.Pto find a factorial of entered number	8
5	W.A.P to print multiplication table	10
6	W.A.P to print all the numbers and sum of all the integers that are greater than 100 and less than 200 and divisible by 7	12
7	W.A.P to find roots of equation ax2+bx+c=0	14
8	W.A.P to print following output	16



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	a b c d e	
	a b c d	
	a b c	
	a b	
	a	
	W.A.P to print the following output.	
	1	
	2 3	
	4 5 6	
	7 8 9 10	
	7191	
9	W.A.P to find the maximum & minimum value from entered array	18
10	W.A.P to sort given array into ascending & descending order	20
11	Write a program to add, subtract & multiply two matrices	22
12	Write a program that will read text and count all occurrence of a particular word, Write a	24
	program that append one string to another string	
13	Write a program to use recursive calls to evaluate $f(x) = x() - x(3)/3! + x(5)/5! - x(7)/7!$	26
14	Write a Program using function to count the simple interest	28
15	Write a Program to create structure of Student Detail like Roll no, name, address and	30
	Mobile no and display the records.	
16	Write in a program declare the following Structure members:	32
	Name, code, age, weight, height. Read all the members of the	
	structure for 100 persons and the find the list of persons	
	with all related data whose weight >50 and height >40 and	
	print the same with the suitable format and title	
17	Write a program that demonstrate the use of address(&) and pointer(*) operators	34
18	W.A. P to reverse a string using pointer	36
19	W.A.P to read the content of a file and display the same on screen	38
	· ·	



FACULTY OF:- Computer Science

DEPARTMENT OF: - Master of Computer Application

SEMESTER: -I

CODE: - 5CS01DBS2

NAME – PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUE-II (DMS)

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme:-

		Т	eaching Sche	eme (Ho	urs)					Evalu	ation Scheme	•		
Subject Code	Name of the Subject					Credits		Th	eory		Pra	actical (M	(arks)	
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Sessio Exa		Univers Exam	•	Intern	al	University	Total
							Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr/Viva	TW	Pr	
5CS01DBS2	PROGRAMMIN G TECHNIQUE- II (DMS)	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	80	100

Objectives:-

• This course is designed to make student familiar with the practical aspects of RDBMS for designing, implementing and querying database systems using the tools like SQL

Prerequisites:-

Basic knowledge of working with computers.

Course outline:-

Sr. No.	Course Contents



1 Create the following tables:

1. Create LOCATION Table with columns Location_Id, Regional_Group.

Constraints on LOCATION table: Location_Id Primary Key.

2. Insert the following records into the table LOCATION:

LOCATION_I D	REGIONAL_GROUP
122	NEW YORK
123	DALLAS
124	CHICAGO
167	BOSTON

3. Create DEPARTMENT Table with columns Department_Id, Name, Location_ID.

Constraints on DEPARTMENT table: Department_Id Primary Key, Location_Id references LOCATION table.

4. Insert the following records into DEPARTMENT table:

DEPRATMEMT_I D	NAME	LOCATION_I D
-		
10	ACCOUNTIN	122
10	G	122
20	RESEARCH	124
30	SALES	123
40	OPERATIONS	167

5. Create JOB Table with columns Job_Id, Funcation.

Constraints on JOB table: Job_ID Primary Key.

6. Insert the following records into JOB table:

JOB_ID FUNCTION



667	CLERK
668	STAFF
669	ANALYST
670	SALESPERSO
670	N
671	MANAGER
672	PRESIDENT

7. Create EMPLOYEE Table with columns Employee_Id, Last_Name, First_Name, Middle_Name, Job_Id, Manager_Id, Hire_Date, Salary, Comm, Department_ID.
Constraints on EMPLOYEE table: Employee_Id Primary Key, Last_Name NotNull, Department_Id references DEPARTMENT table.

8. Insert the following records into EMPLOYEE table:

E M P L O Y E E_ ID	LAS T_N AM E	FIRS T_N AME	M I D L E - N A M E	J O B - I D	M A N A G E ID	HIRE_DA TE	SAL ARY	COM M	DEPART MENT_ID
			 - -	 - -	 -				
73 69	SMI TH	JOH N	Q	6 6 7	79 02	17-DEC- 84	800	NULL	20



74 99	ALL EN	KEV IN	J	6 7 0	76 98	20-FEB-85	1600	300	30
75 05	DOY LE	JEA N	K	6 7 1	78 39	04-APR-85	2850	NULL	30
75 06	DEN NIS	LYN N	S	6 7 1	78 39	15-MAY- 85	2750	NULL	30
75 07	BAK ER	LES LIE	D	6 7 1	78 39	10-JUN-85	2200	NULL	40
75 21	WA RK	CYN THI A	D	6 7 0	76 98	22-FEB-85	1250	500	30

- 2 Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 1:
 - 1. List all job details.
 - 2. List all the locations.
 - 3. List out first name,last_name,salary, commission for all employees.
 - 4. List out employee_id,last_name,department_id for all employees and rename employee_id as "ID of the employee", last_name as "Name of the employee", department_id as "department ID".
 - 5. List out the employee's annual salary with their names only.
 - 6. List out the employees who are working in department 20.
 - 7. List out the employees who are earning salary between 3000 and 4500.
 - 8. List out the employees who are working in department 10 or 20.
 - 9. List out the employees whose name starts with "S".
 - 10. List out the employees whose name length is 4 and start with "S"



3	Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 1:
	1. List out the employee id, last name in ascending order based on the employee id.
	2. List out the employee id, name in descending order based on salary column.
	3. List out the employee details according to their last_name in ascending order and salaries
	in descending order.
	4. List out the employee details according to their last_name in ascending order and then on
	department_id in descending order.
	5. How many employees who are working in different departments wise in the organization
	6. List out the department wise maximum salary, minimum salary, average salary of the
	employees
	7. List out the no. of employees for each month and year, in the ascending order based on
	the year, month.
	8. List out the department id having at least four employees.
	9. How many employees in January month.
	10. Which is the department id, having greater than or equal to 3 employees joined in April
	1985.
4	> Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 1:
	1. Display the employee who got the maximum salary.
	2. Display the employees who are working in Sales department.
	3. Display the employees who are working as "Clerk".
	4. Find out no. of employees working in "Sales" department.
	5. List our employees with their department names.
	6. Display employees with their designations (jobs).
	7. How many employees who are working in different departments and display with
	department name.
	8. How many jobs in the organization with designations.
	9. Display employee details with all departments.
	10. List out the common jobs in Research and Accounting Departments in ascending order.
5	> Create the following tables:



- Create STUDENT Table with fields rollno, name, class, birthdate
 Constraints on STUDENT table: rollno primary key and rollno must start with latter 'R'.
- 2. Insert the following records into Student Table:

ROL	LNO NAME	CLASS	S	BIRTHDATE	
R1	Pritesh Patel	A		23-FEB-89	
R2	R2 Sugeet Patel			05-SEP-85	
R3	Dipesh Patel	В		24-MAR-76	
R4	Chandresh patel		В	17-APR-87	
R5	Bhavin Jilvaani		A	25-DEC-75	

3. Create COURSE Table with fields courseno, coursename, max_marks, pass_marks

Constraints on COURSE table: courseno primary key, check for max_mark>0, also check for pass_mark>0 and pass_marks<max_marks.

4. Insert the following records into Course Table:

COURSENO (COURSENAME	MAX_MARKS	PASS_MARKS
610001	FOP	90	40
610002	FOP Prac	90	40
610003	MATHS	90	40
610004	COMP ORG	90	40
610005	DBMSI	90	40
610006	SQL & PL/SO	QL 90	40
610007	ERFM	90	40

1. Create SC Table with fields rollno, courseno, marks:

Constraints on Sc table: marks must be greater than 0, rollno, courseno primary key, rollno references students and couseno references course.



2. Insert the following records into SC Table:

Insert the f	Insert the following records into SC Table:						
ROLLNO		COURSENO	MARKS				
R3	610005						
R3	610001	70					
R3	610002	68					
R3	610003	58					
R3	610004	74					
R3	610006	59					
R3	610007	55					
R1	610001	80					
R1	610002	89					
R1	610003	78					
R1	610004	88					
R1	610005	76					
R1	610006	85					
R1	610007	90					
R2	610001	90					
R2	610002	85					
R2	610003	78					
R2	610004	75					
R2	610005	68					
R2	610006	59					
R2	610007	74					
R4	610001	75					
R4	610002	45					
R4	610003	58					
R4	610004	68					
R4	610005	78					
R4	610006	62					
R4	610007	63					



	R5 610001 70
	R5 610002 78
	R5 610003 52
	R5 610004 79
	R5 610005 85
	R5 610006 76
	R5 610007 80
6	> Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 5:
	1. Add constraint that marks entered are between 0 to 100 only.
	2. While creating COURSE table, primary key constraint was forgotten. Add the primary
	key now.
	3. Display details of student where course is 'Data Base Management System'
	4. Select student names who have scored more than 70% in Computer Networks and have
	not failed in any subject.
	5. Select names and class of students whose names begin with 'A' or 'B'.
	6. Display average marks obtained by each student.
	7. Select all courses where passing marks are more than 30% of average maximum marks.
	8. Select the course where Second and third characters are 'AT'
	9. Display details of students born in 1975 or 1976.
	10. Find out the cousewise average marks from SC table.
7	> Perform the following miscellaneous queries:
	1. Add 15 days to current date.
	2. Add and subtract 5 months from current month.
	3. Calculate months between current months and '3-7-2008'
	4. Find last day of current month.
	5. How many days left in a current month?
	6. Find ASCII value of letter 'R'.
	7. Find name of all constraint based on particular table.
	8. Find difference between current date and specified date.
	9. Find username and userid from current login.
	10. Find the occurrence of 'or' in the string.
L	



		41 6 11	• .					
>		the foll	_			_		
1.	Create	the	table	SCREEN	with	the	fields	(screen_id, location,
	seating_ca	ap)						
	Constrain	its on S	CREEN	table: scre	en_id prin	nary ke	y, locatio	on not null, seating_cap no
	Screen_Id	must st	tart with	S, location	values m	ust be	either FI	F,SF or TF, seating_cap m
	greater the	en 0.						
	T 4 4 1	£-11		da inte SC I	Calala.			
2.	Insert the	follown	ng recor	rds into SC T	l'able:			
-	CDEEN I	 L						
	51	SF			400			
	52	TF			350			
	33	TF			250			
	84 85	SF TF			300 170			
3.	Create	the	table	MOVIE w	vith the	fields	s (movie	e_id, movie_name,
	date_of_r							
	Constraints on MOVIE table: movie_id primary key, movie_name unique, date_of_release							
	null.							
				de into the t	abla MO	VIE:		
4.	Insert the	followi	ng recor	us mile ine i	able MO			
4.	Insert the	followi	ng recor	us into the i	able MO	,,		
4.	Insert the	e followi	ng recor	us into the t	able WIO	,,		
	Insert the	followi	ng recor		able MO			
<u>.</u> N		Star	ng recor Wars III ans 13	 I 11				



	M03	Armageddon	18	-FEB-05				
	M04	Step up		-SEP-02				
	M05	Terminator-3	25	-OCT-05				
	5. Create	the table CUR	RENT1 w	ith the fields (so	creen_id, movie_id, d	late_of_arr		
	date_of_	_closure)						
	Constrain	ts on CURRENT	Γ 1 table: s	creen_id references	SCREEN table, movi	ie_id refere		
	MOVIE,	date_of_arrival	not	null, date_of_clo	osure not null,	check		
	date_of_ar	rival <date_of_clos< th=""><th>ure.</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></date_of_clos<>	ure.					
	6. Insert th	e following record	ls into the t	able CURRENT1:				
		SCREEN_ID	MOVIE_ID	DATE_OF_ARRIVA	AL DATE_OF_CLOSUF	RE		
		S1	M01	13-JUL-09	26-AUG-09			
		S2	M03	25-APR-04	03-MAY-04			
			1.402	OF TANTOO	25 EED 00			
		S3 S4	M02 M04	05-JAN-09 16-MAR-09	25-FEB-09 20-APR-09			
		S3		05-JAN-09 16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05	25-FEB-09 20-APR-09 09-JUL-05			
9	> Perfo	S3 S4 S5	M04 M05	16-MAR-09	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05			
9		S3 S4 S5 orm the following o	M04 M05 queries on t	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in So	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05			
9	1. Get	S3 S4 S5 orm the following of the name of movie	M04 M05 queries on t e which has	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in So	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far.			
9	1. Get 2. Get	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movie the average durat	M04 M05 queries on t e which has	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in So run the longest in t	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'.			
9	 Get Get Get Get 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movie the average durate the details of mov	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-nover	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'.	ate of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movie the average durate the details of mov	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo ie that close was release	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. mber-2004.	ate of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of only on Friday.	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	ate of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	ate of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of only on Friday.	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	nte of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of only on Friday.	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	ate of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of only on Friday.	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	nte of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of only on Friday.	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	nte of its rel		
9	 Get Get Get Mov cons 	S3 S4 S5 Trm the following of the name of movious the details of movious 'star wars III' was idering that a movious control of the details of the details of the details of movious control of the details of	M04 M05 queries on t e which has tion of a mo- ie that close was releases vie releases	16-MAR-09 03-MAY-05 he tables given in Serun the longest in twice on screen numbered on date 24-novement in the 7th week of only on Friday.	20-APR-09 09-JUL-05 et no. 8: the multiplex so far. per 'S4'. nber-2004. f 2005. Find out the da	ite of its rel		



1. Create the table DISTRIBUTOR with the fields (DNO, DNAME, DADDRESS, DPHONE)

Constraints on table DISTRIBUTOR: dno primary key, dname not null.

2. Insert the following records into the table DISTRIBUTOR

DNO	DNAME	DADDR	DPHONE	
				D01
	Hardik	Ode	9315462	
D02	Dhaval	Anand	9325135	
D03	AAAAOH	Baroda	9563154	
D04	Mr. Talkative	Vasad	9321354	
D05	Dipen	Thasara	9345432	

3. Create the table ITEM1 with the fields (ITEMNO, ITEMNAME, COLOR, WEIGHT)

Constraints on table ITEM1: itemno primary key, itemname not null, check for weight>0

4. Insert the following records into the table ITEM1:

ITEMNO	ITEMNAM	E COLOUR	WEIGHT
I01	Screw	Black	20
I02	Bolt	white	100
I03	Nut	red	50
I04	Hammer	green	75
I05	Washer	red	110
I06	Wire	Gray	37
I07	Nail	Green	46

5. Create the table DIST_ITEM with the fields (DNO, ITEMNO, QTY):

Constraints of table DIST_ITEM: dno references DISTRIBUTOR table, itemno references ITEM table



	6. Inser	rt the records	s into the table DIST_ITEM:
	DNO	ITEMNO	QTY
	D01	I02	130
	D02	I01	500
	D03	I05	420
	D04	I03	320
	D05	I06	160
	D02	I04	190
	D01	I07	462
	D05	I01	256
	D03	I04	315
11			llowing queries on the tables given in Set no. 10:
			CONTACT_PERSON to the distributor table with the not null constraint.
	2.	Create a viev	v LONDON_DIST on DIST_ITEM which contains only those records where
		distributors a	are from London. Make sure that this condition is checked for every DML
	;	against this v	iew.
	3.	Display detai	l of all those item that have never been supplied. Select * from item1 where
	:	itemno not in	(select itemno from dist_item) no rows selected.
	4.	Delete all tho	se items that have been sulpplied only once.
	5.	List the name	es of distributors who have an 'A' and also a 'B' somewhere in their names.
12	> Pe	erform the fo	llowing queries on the tables given in Set no. 10:
	1.	Count the nu	mber of items having the same color but not having weight between 20 and
		100	
	2.	Display all th	ose distributors who have supplied more than 1000 parts of the same type.
	3.	Display the a	verage weight of items of same colour provided at least one items have that
		colour.	
	4.	Display the p	osition where a distributor name has an 'OH' in its spelling somewhere after
		the forth cha	racter.
	L		



	5. Count the number of distributors who have a phone connection and are supplying item number 'I100'.								
13	 Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 10: 1. Create a view on the table in such a way that the view contains the distributor name, item name and the quantity supplied. 								
	·	_	number of distributors who have the same three digits						
	in their number a	as 'Mr. Talkative'.							
	3. List all distribute	or names who supply either iten	n I01 or I07 and the quai	ntity supplied is					
	more than 100.								
	4. Display the data of the top three heaviest ITEMS.								
	5. Count the total q	uantity group by itemno.							
14	> Create the following								
		ble WORKER with the	fields (worker_id,	name,					
			iicius (worker_iu,	nume,					
		ialized_in, manager_id)							
	Constraints on table	WORKER: worker_id primary k	ey, name not null, manage	er_id primary key,					
	check for wage_per_ho	our>=0.							
	2. Insert the following records into the table WORKER:								
	WOR NAME	WAGE_PER_HOUR	SPECIALISED_IN	MAN					
	W01 Mr.Cacophonix	50	Polishing	M01					
	W02 Dhaval	40	Polishing	M02					
	W03 Dipen	35	Fitting	M03					
	W04 Hardik	30	Marketing	M04					
	W05 Jigar	55	Fitting	M05					
	3. Create the table JOB with the fields (job_id, type_of_job, status):								
	4. Insert the following records into the table JOB:								
	JOB TYPE_OF_JOB	S							
	J01 Packing	A							
	J02 Editing	A							
	J03 Moulding	В							
	J04 Accounting								
	J05 Printing	В							



	5. Create the table JOB_ASSIGNED with the fields (worker_id, job_id, starting_date, number_of_days)							
	Constraints on table JOB_ASSIGNED: worker_id references WORKER table, job_id references JOB table.							
	6. Insert the following records into the table JOB_ASSIGNED:							
	WOR JOB STARTING_ NUMBER_OF_DAYS							
	W01 J01 15-SEP-09 35							
	W02 J01 20-SEP-08 34							
	W03 J04 12-OCT-09 39 W01 J05 19-OCT-09 10							
	W02 J04 12-SEP-08 25							
15	> Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 14:							
	1. Display the date on which each worker is going to end his presently assigned job.							
	2. Display how many days remain for each worker to finish his job.							
	3. Display the STARTING_DATE in the following format - 'The fifth day of month of							
	October, 2004'. 4. Change the status to 'Complete' for all those jobs, which started in year 2008. 5. Display job details of all those jobs where at least 25 workers are working.							
	6. Display all those jobs that are already incompleted.							
16	 Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 14: 							
	1. Find all the jobs, which begin within the next two weeks.							
	2. List all workers who have their wage per hour ten times greater than the wage of their							
	managers.							
	3. List the names of workers who have been assigned the job of Packing.							
	4. What is total number of days allocated for printing on the goods for all the workers							
	together.							
	5. Which workers receive higher than average wage per hour.							
17	 Perform the following queries on the tables given in Set no. 14: 							
	1. Display details of workers who are working on more than one job.							



- 2. Which workers having specialization in polishing start their job in September?
- 3. Display details of workers who are specialized in the same field as that of Mr.Cacophonix or have a wage per hour more than any of the workers.
- 4. Find the names of the workers who are getting more then 50 Rs. as wages per hour.
- 5. Find the jobs which are assigned after 31-DEC-2008.
- 18 1. Create the following table named table as CUSTOMER with following fields-Cust_No, First_Name, Last_Name, Address, City, State, Pin, B_Date, Status.

Constraints on table CUSTOMER: Cust_No Primary Key, First_Name Not Null and the values for status must be in ('V','I','A').

2. Insert the following records into the table CUSTOMER:

CUST_N									S
CUST_N O AME AME T_N SS TY STATE N AT T E U S S T STATE N AT T E U S S T S T S S T S T S T S T S T S T S				ADDRE	CI			B_{-}	T
O AME AME SS TY N AT T E U S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	CUST_N					STATE	PI	D	A
E U S S S S S S S S S	O			SS	TY	SIMIL	N	AT	T
		TIVIL	THIL					E	U
1003 RAJ BAH SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V SHANTI UD ATAK 101 G-70 TO									S
1003 RAJ BAH SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V SHANTI UD ATAK 101 G-70 TO									
1003 RAJ BAH SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V SHANTI UD ATAK 101 G-70 TO									-
1003 RAJ BAH SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V SHANTI UD ATAK 101 G-70 TO									-
1003 RAJ BAH SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V SHANTI UD ATAK 101 G-70 TO									-
1003 RAJ ADU SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V 1003 RAJ ADU VILLA P A TAK 101 G-70 12-1004 FELI SIM X ON M-J-56 M GOA									-
1003 RAJ ADU SHANTI UD KARN 576 A V V 1003 RAJ ADU VILLA P A TAK 101 G-70 12-1004 FELI SIM X ON M-J-56 M GOA									-
1003 RAJ ADU SHANTI UD ATAK 101 U TO ATAK 101 TO		RAJ						1-	
1003 RAJ ADU VILLA P ATAK 101 G-						ATAK		A	V
R A G- 70 12- 1004 FELI SIM M-J-56 PJ GOA 403 FE X ON M-J-56 M GOA 002 B- 71 1005 RAJ KUT A1 TRADE R LA 001 N- RS 71 1006 SHIL PAL 12/4B M KARN 574 11-	1003								·
1004 FELI SIM M-J-56 PJ GOA 403 FE A M GOA 002 B- 71 RAJ KUT A1 TRADE R LA 001 N- 71 RS THIL PAI 12/4B M KARN 574 11-			R		_	A			
1004 FELI SIM M-J-56 PJ GOA 403 FE A 71 71 9- 1005 RAJ KUT AI TRADE R LA 001 N- RS RS TI L SHIL PAL 12/4B M KARN 574 11-								70	
1004 X ON M-J-56 M GOA 002 B- 71 1005 RAJ KUT A1 TRADE KN KERA 670 JU AN TY RS RS 71 1006 SHIL PAI 12/4B M KARN 574 11-									
X ON M 002 B- 71 9- 1005 RAJ KUT A1 KN KERA 670 JU AN TY TRADE R LA 001 N- RS 71 SHIL PAL 12/4B M KARN 574 11-	1004			M-J-56		GOA		FE	Α
1005 RAJ KUT A1 KN KERA 670 JU A AN TY TRADE R LA 001 N- 71 1006 PAI 12/4B M KARN 574 11-		X	ON		M		002		
1005 RAJ KUT TRADE KN KERA 670 JU A AN TY RS R LA 001 N- 71 SHIL PAI 12/4B M KARN 574 11-									
1005 RAJ KUT TRADE KN KERA 670 JU A AN TY RS R LA 001 N- 71 SHIL PAI 12/4B M KARN 574 11-			KUT	A1					
AN TY RS R LA 001 N- RS 71 SHIL M KARN 574 11- 1006 PAI 12/4B I	1005							JU	A
71 SHIL M KARN 574 11- 1006 PAI 12/4B I		AN	TY		R	LA	001		
1006 PAI 12/4B I									
PA N ATAK 154 DE	1006		HIL PAI	12/4B			574	11-	I
	1000	PA		12, 12	N	ATAK	154	DE	*



						G	A		C-	
									70	
		1007	BOS CO	RAK SHIT	R.K. PLAZA	BN G	KARN ATAK A	576 201	1- JA N- 71	A
19	>	Perform the fol	lowing qu	ieries on	the tables g	iven in S	Set no. 18:			
	1.	1. Display all the records from the table where state is KARNATAKA.								
	2.	2. Delete the row from the table where PIN CODE is 576201.								
	3.	3. Change the ADDRESS as "KAVI MUDDANNA MARG" AND PIN=576104 where								
		CUST_NO=1003.								
	4.	Delete the records of KARNATAKA state from the table and then retrieve all the records								
	back.									
	5.	Select all the records with single occurrence of state from the table.								
	6.	Sort and display the customer data, in the alphabetic order of state.								
	7.	. Sort and display the state field in the in descending order.								
	8.	Retrieve records of Karnataka / Kerala customers who are ACTIVE ('A').								
	9.	Retrieve rows where name contains the word RAJ embedded it.								
	10.	Display all the rows whose dates are in the range of 10-JAN-70 and 31-JUL-96.								
						U	-		-	

Learning Outcomes: -

- Enable the student to model the real world data into database framework.
- Clear understanding of how to map the logical design of database into physical design.
- To get familiar with the SQL query environment..

Books Recommended:-

- 1. SQL/PLSQL, The Programming Language of ORACLE, Ivan Bayross, Publisher-BPB Publication
- 2. Database Systems: Design, Implementation and Management, **Peter Rob, Carlos Coronel**, 7th Edition, Publisher-Cengage Learning (2007)
- 3. Database Management Systems, **Ramakrishnan**, **Gehrke**, 3rd Edition, Publisher-McGraw Hill